UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

Canadian Government and Politics Major Field Exam December, 2013

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Instructions: Answer one (1) question from each part. Include in-text author citations where appropriate.

PART A

- (1.) What is gained and what is lost if Canadian political scientists fully embrace 'the comparative turn'?
 - 2. "Canadian political scientists are overly preoccupied with national politics, with the result that provincial and municipal politics are not adequately studied." Discuss.
 - 3. Canadian political scientists now study the politics of identity and difference much more than they did a couple of decades ago, and perhaps more than in many other countries. What explains this greater emphasis and what are its merits?

PART B

- 4. Does the Prime Minister of Canada have too much power? What accounts for changes in the Prime Minister's power in recent decades?
- 5. Does Canada have a democratic deficit? Is Canada becoming more democratic or less democratic?
- 6. The Canadian system of government combines Parliamentary government with federalism. Has this had positive or negative consequences for the ability of its institutions to respond to evolving societal needs?

PART C

7. What, if anything, does the argument that Canada has a brokerage party system contribute to our understanding of Canadian political behaviour and voting?

- 8. What are the principal strengths and weaknesses of the Canadian policy literature?
- 9. "Scholarship in the political economy tradition is now much less prominent in Canadian political science than it was a generation ago. This is because of the intrinsic limits of this approach." Comment.